

Prospects for energy demand and energy efficiency in Poland

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National Programme for Emissions Reduction

Energy in Poland.
Current situation and prospects

10.06.2011
Paris University DAUPHINE, CGEMP



Sustainable methods



Environment

Economy

Society



Energy Efficiency

Mitigation of misuse of energy

Improvement of efficiency of technology

Improvement of efficiency of generation

Transformation from industrial to post-industrial

Reduction or change of consumption pattern



Energy Efficiency

Actions	POLAND	EU-15	EIA
Mitigation of energy misuse	+/-	+/-	positive
Improvement of technology	+ BE - SME	+ BE + SME	positive
Improvement of generation	-	+	positive
Emigration of industry	-	+	negative
Reduction of consumption	+/-	-	positive



In front of us

Improvement of energy efficiency

Reduction of emissions

Infrastructure modernisation

Diversification of fuels & destinations

Reduction of energy consumption

New Marshall Plan

Marshall Plan

13,5 billions \$₁₉₄₈

90 billions €₂₀₀₉
22,5 billions € per year

Modernisation and Emissions Reduction Plan

265 ÷ 320 billions €

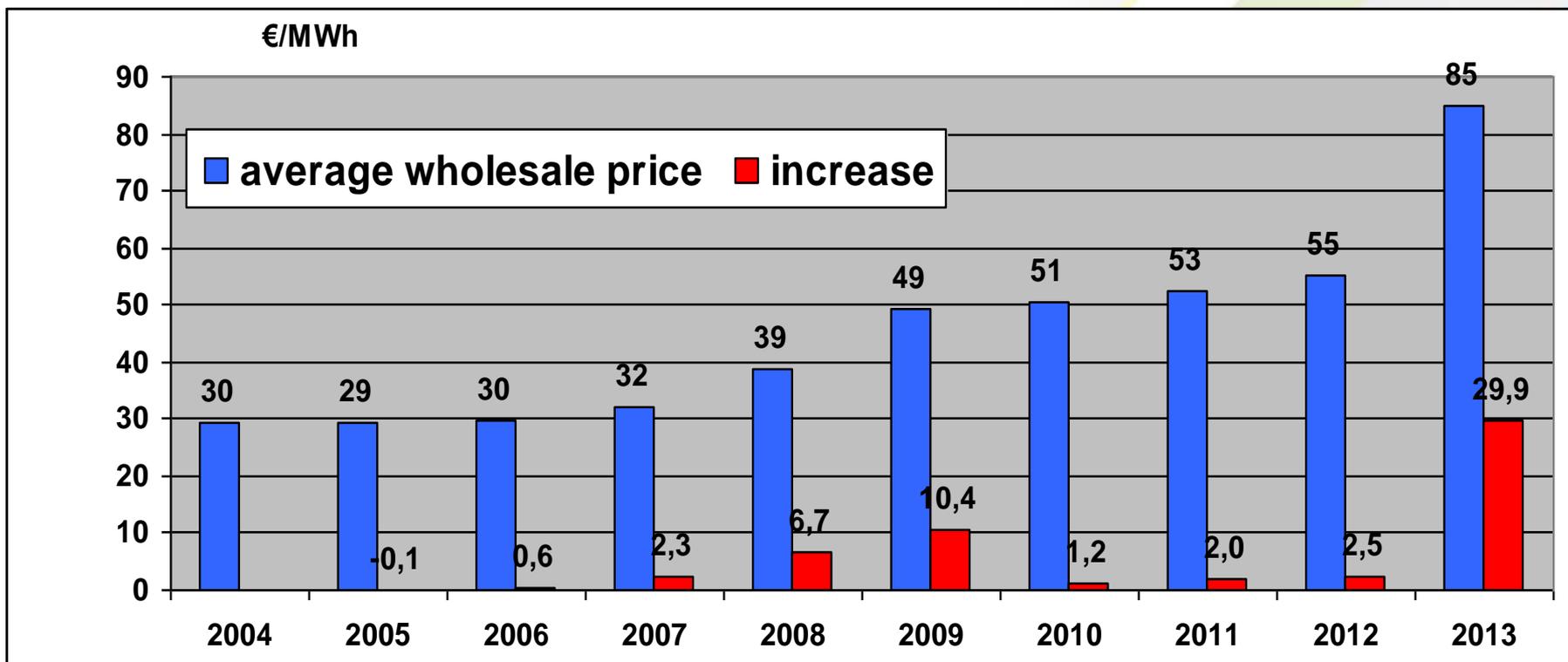
13,5 ÷ 16 billions €



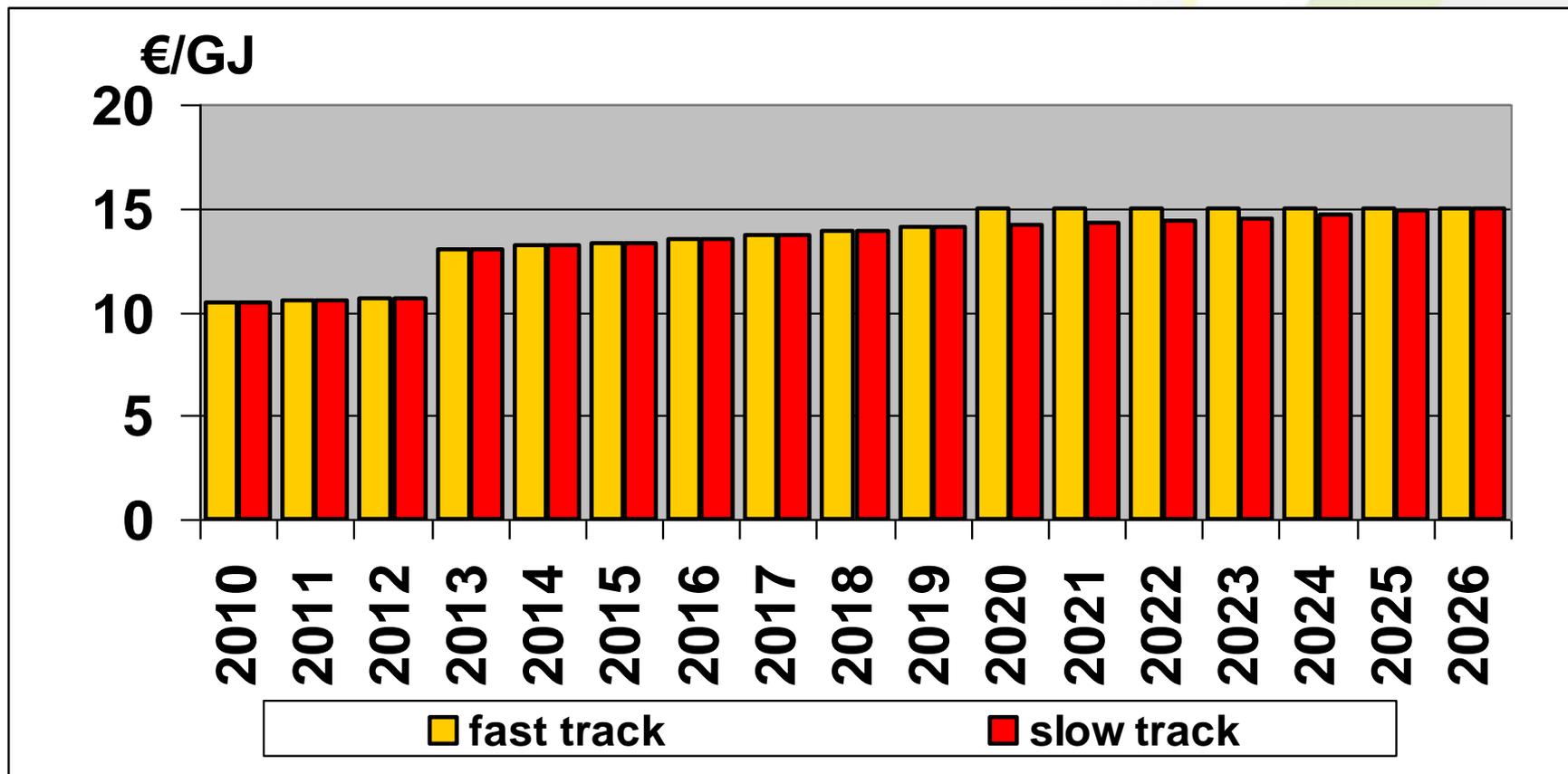
Program's dimension

billions €		sector
90	100	Electroenergetics
15	20	Gas
≈ 80	100	Heating and buildings
≈ 80	100	Transport
265	320	by 2030
13,5 per year	16 per year	anually

Forecast – power



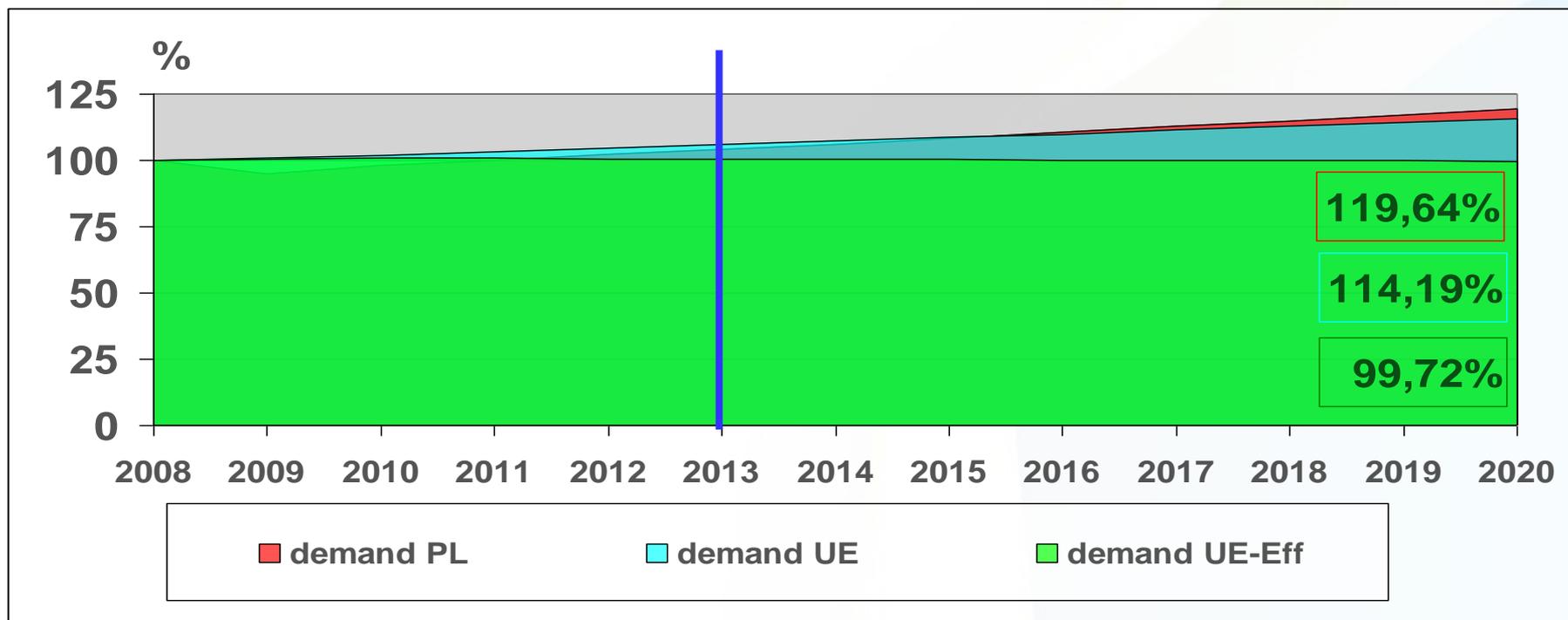
Forecast – heat



Power forecast

Demand for power

Source: European commission & author's analysis



2,00%

1,27%

-0,11%

10/37

Energy savings targets

National energy saving targets:

- 2% by 2010
- 9% by 2016 (Directive 2006/32/EC)
- The ambitious target of EU's energy consumption reduction by 20% in relation to 2020 BAU

YES WE HAVE!

YES WE HAVE!

Support mechanisms:

- Energy efficiency certificates
- Energy efficiency funds
- Voluntary commitments
- Domestic offset
- Other mechanisms

YES WE NEED!

White certificates

Three dimensions

Value-related foundation

- Redemption obligation
- Substitution fee
- Financial penalty

Price ceiling

Liquidity-related foundation

- Registration
- Tradability: power exchange or OTC
- Index creation possibility

Sales guarantee

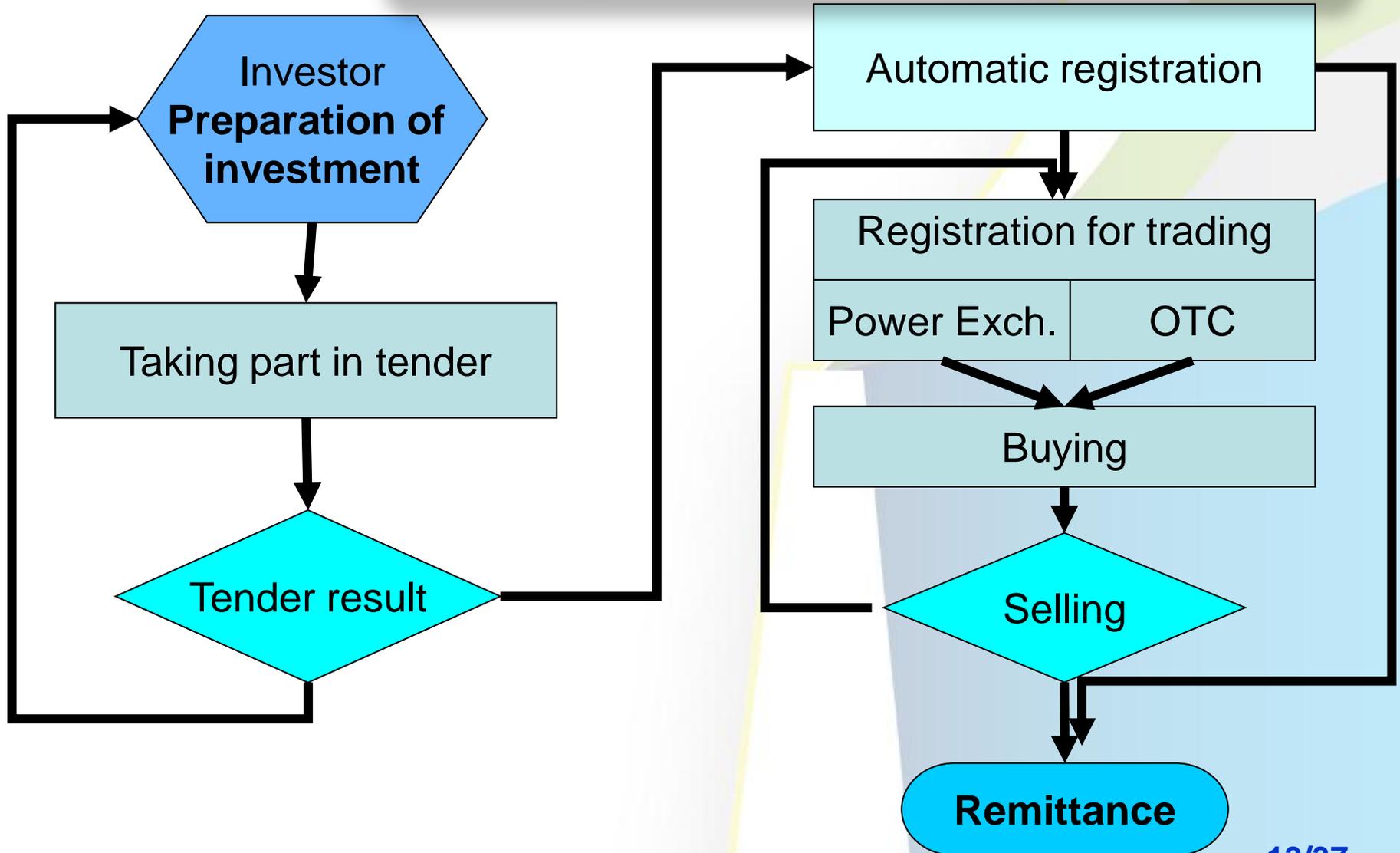
Efficiency-related foundation

- Emission tender
- Three packages on tree floors
- Energy audit

Regulation of quality

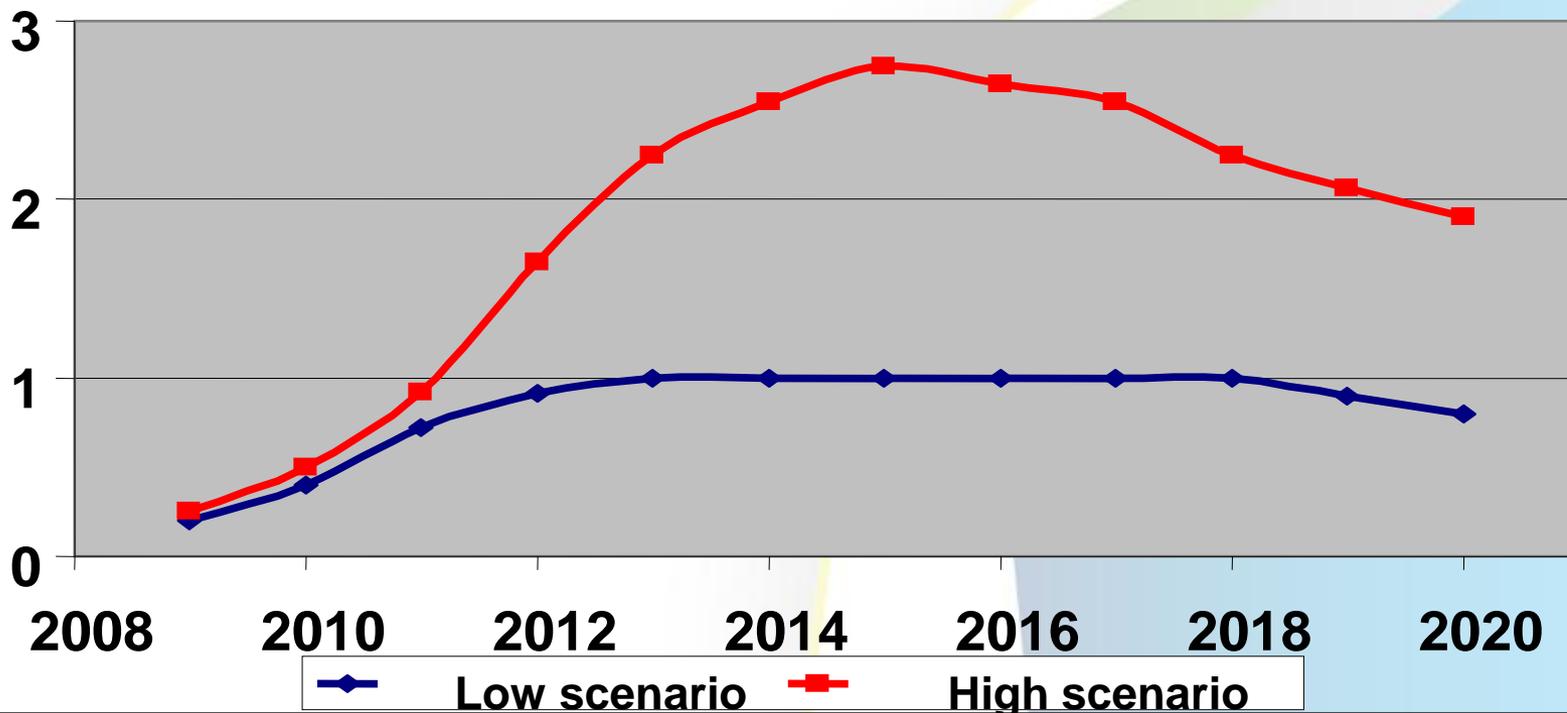


System's organization

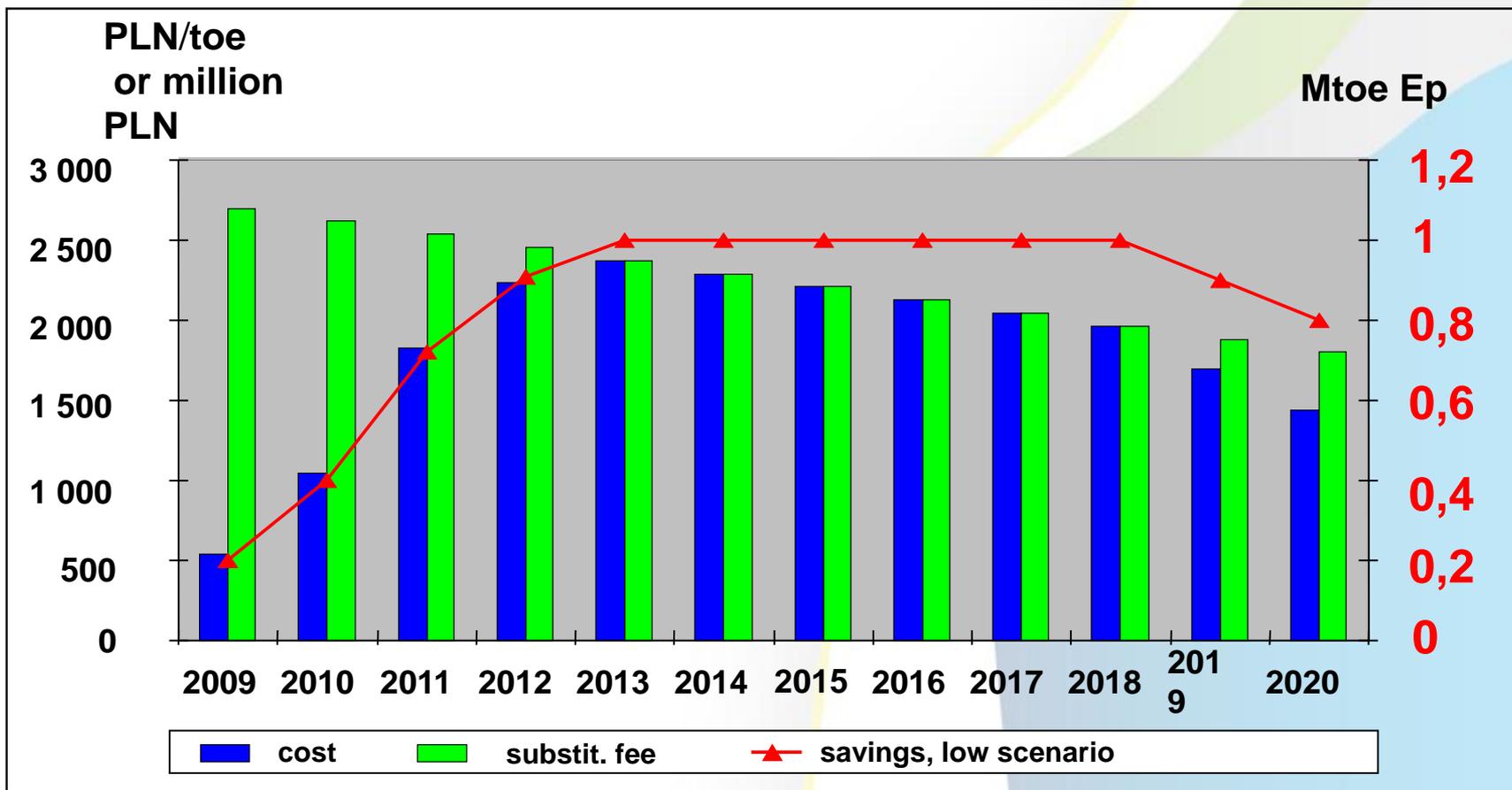


Primary energy savings level corridor

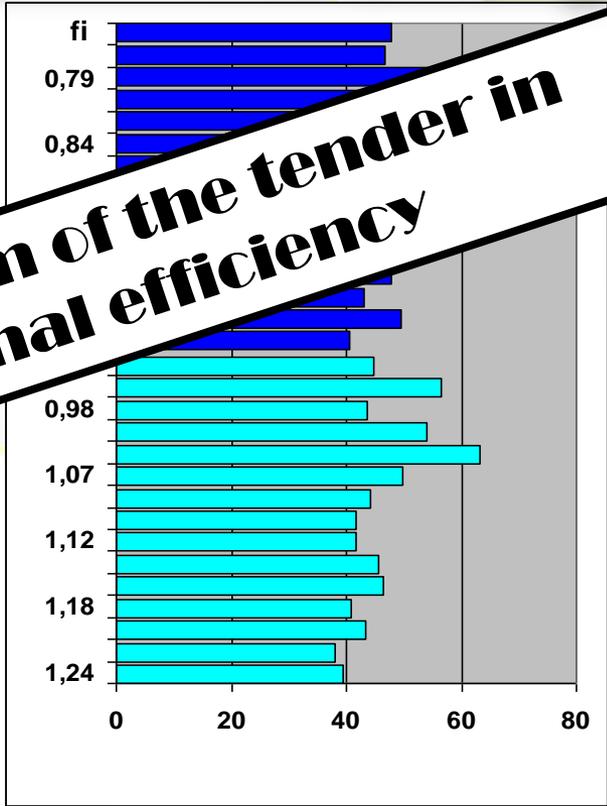
Mtoe Ep



Low scenario



Certified vs. saved energy



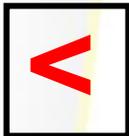
We created the mechanism of the tender in order to rise its internal efficiency

644 Mtoe

$$\Phi_{gr} = 0,96$$

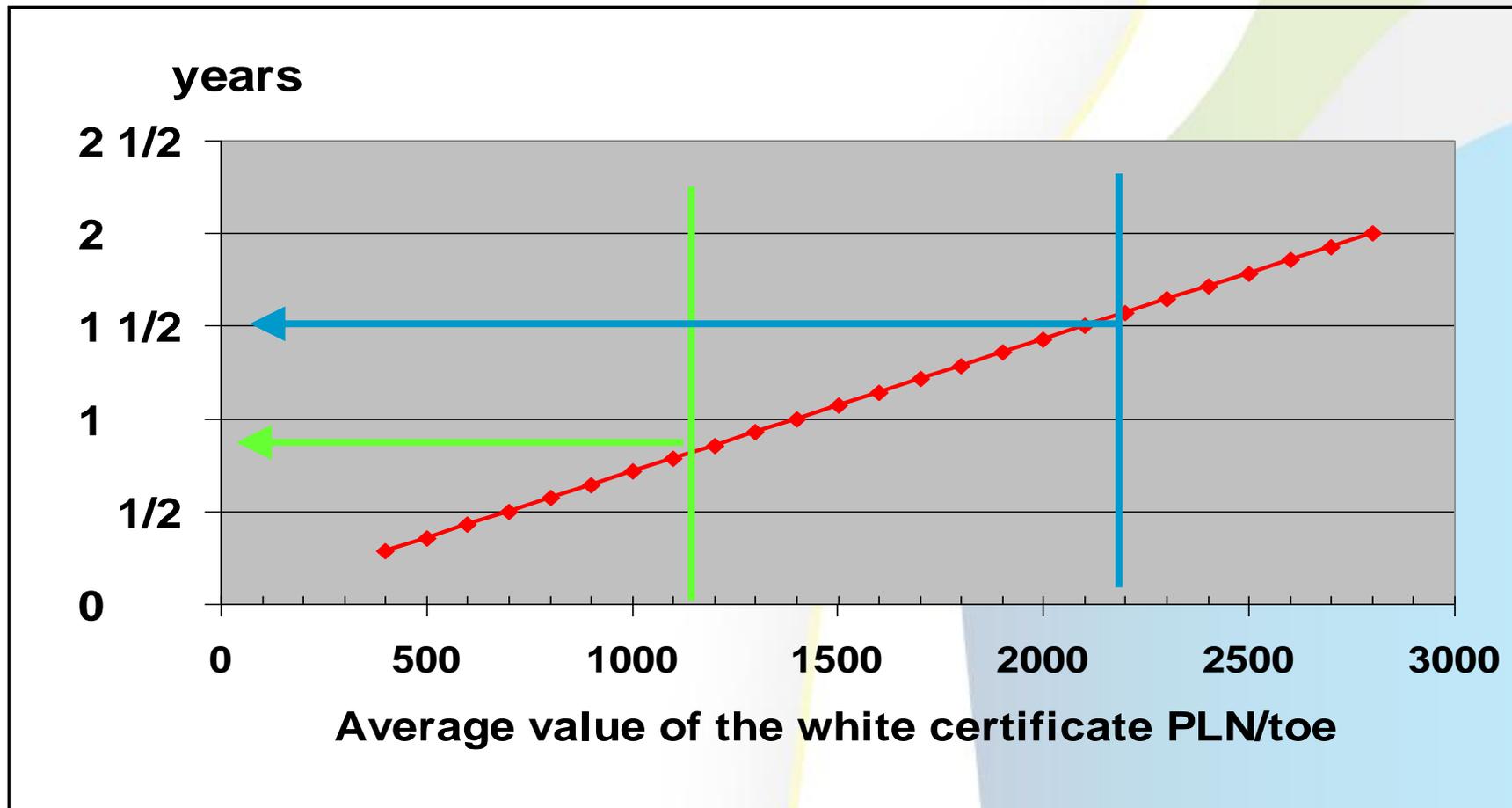
693 Mtoe

Certified energy



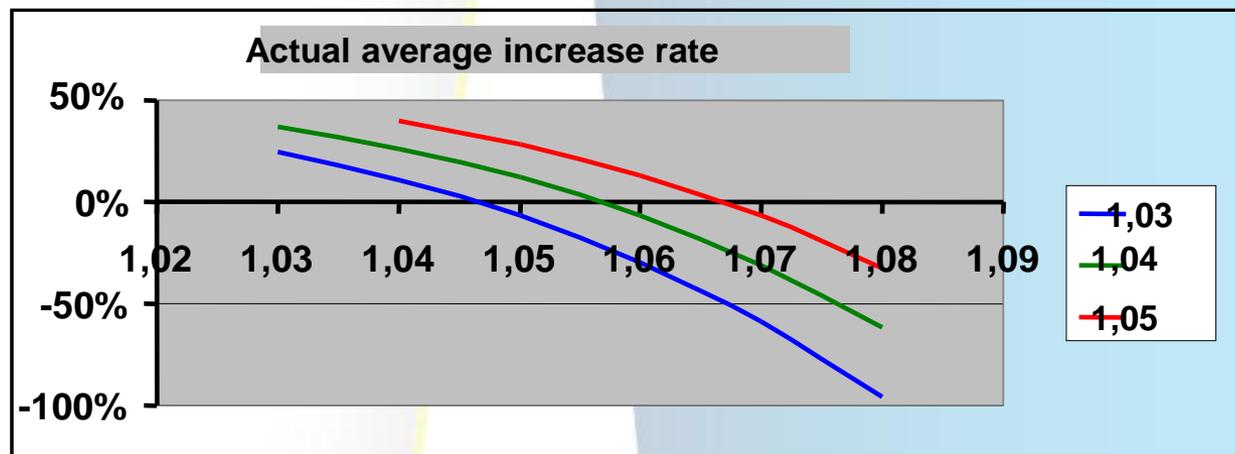
Saved energy

Shortened investment payback time

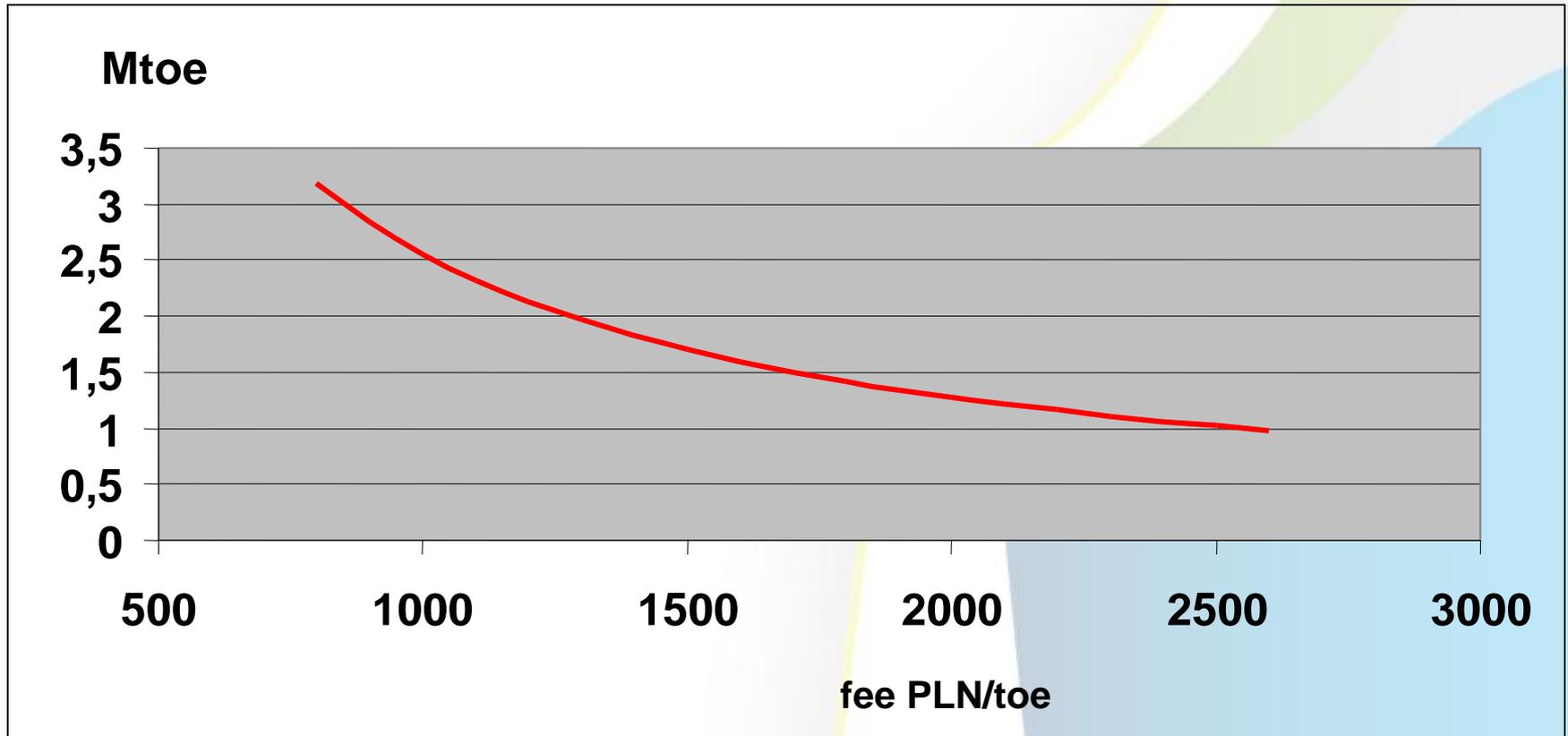


Simulation of savings rate

Simulated incr.rate		GDP baseline increase rate		
GDP	Cons.PrimE	3%	4%	5%
3	1,5	24,64	37,10	
4	2	11,10	26,39	39,63
5	2,5	-6,67	12,05	28,26
6	3	-29,61	-6,73	13,08
7	3,5	-58,08	-30,55	-6,78
8	4	-95,84	-61,81	-32,35

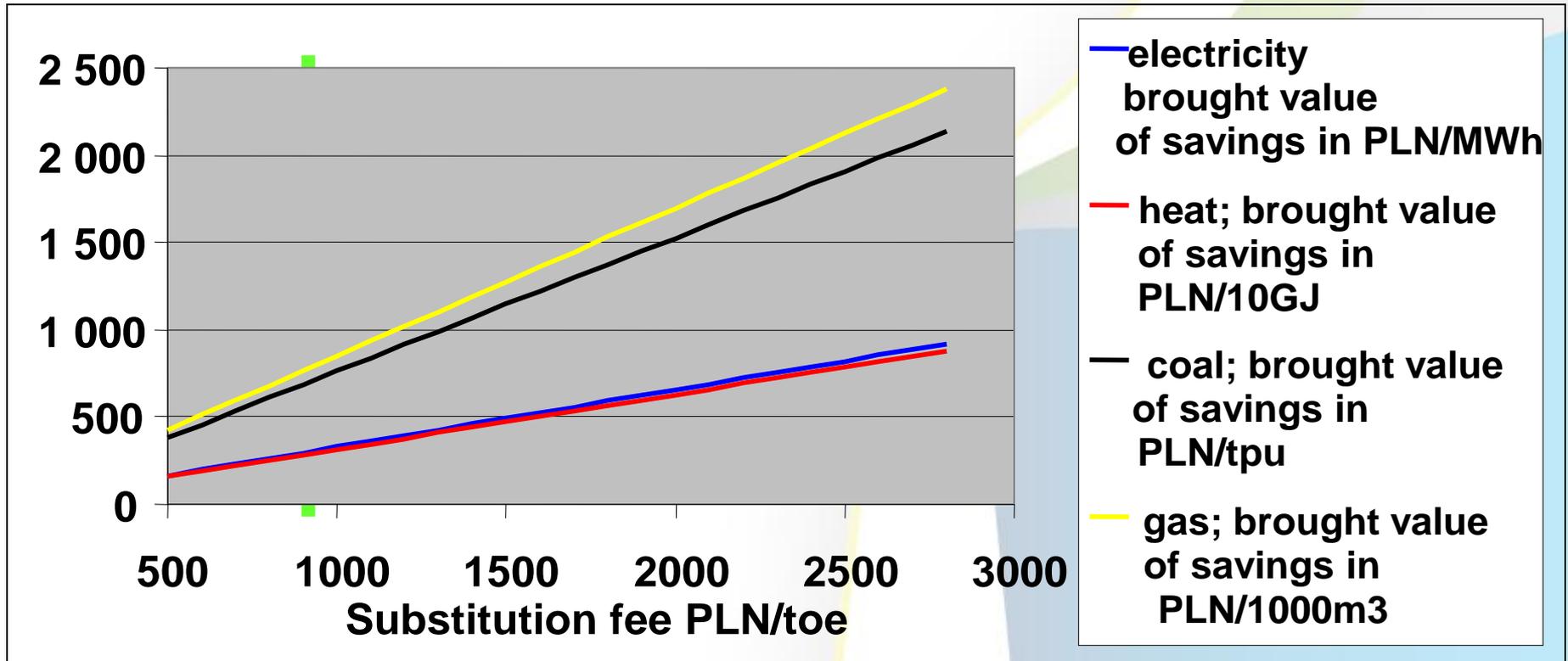


Issued certificates volume





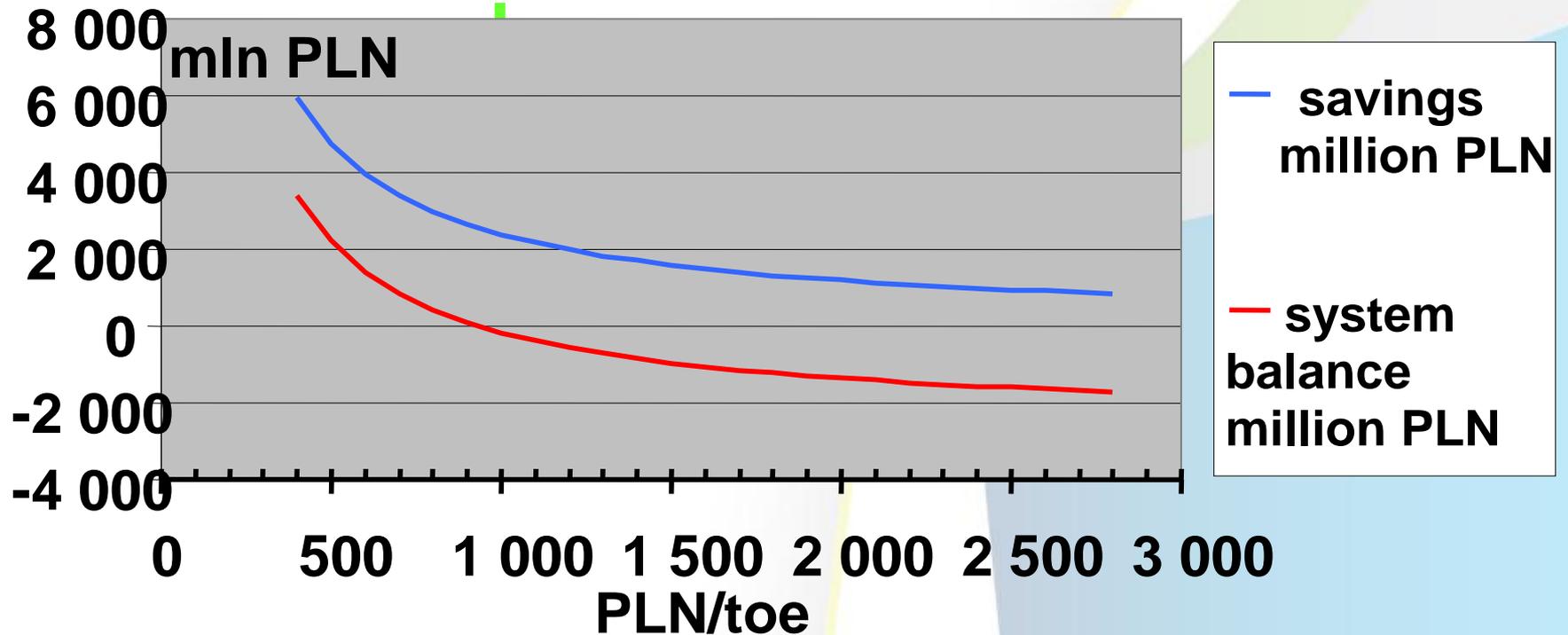
Brought of value of savings





Overall savings value 1/2

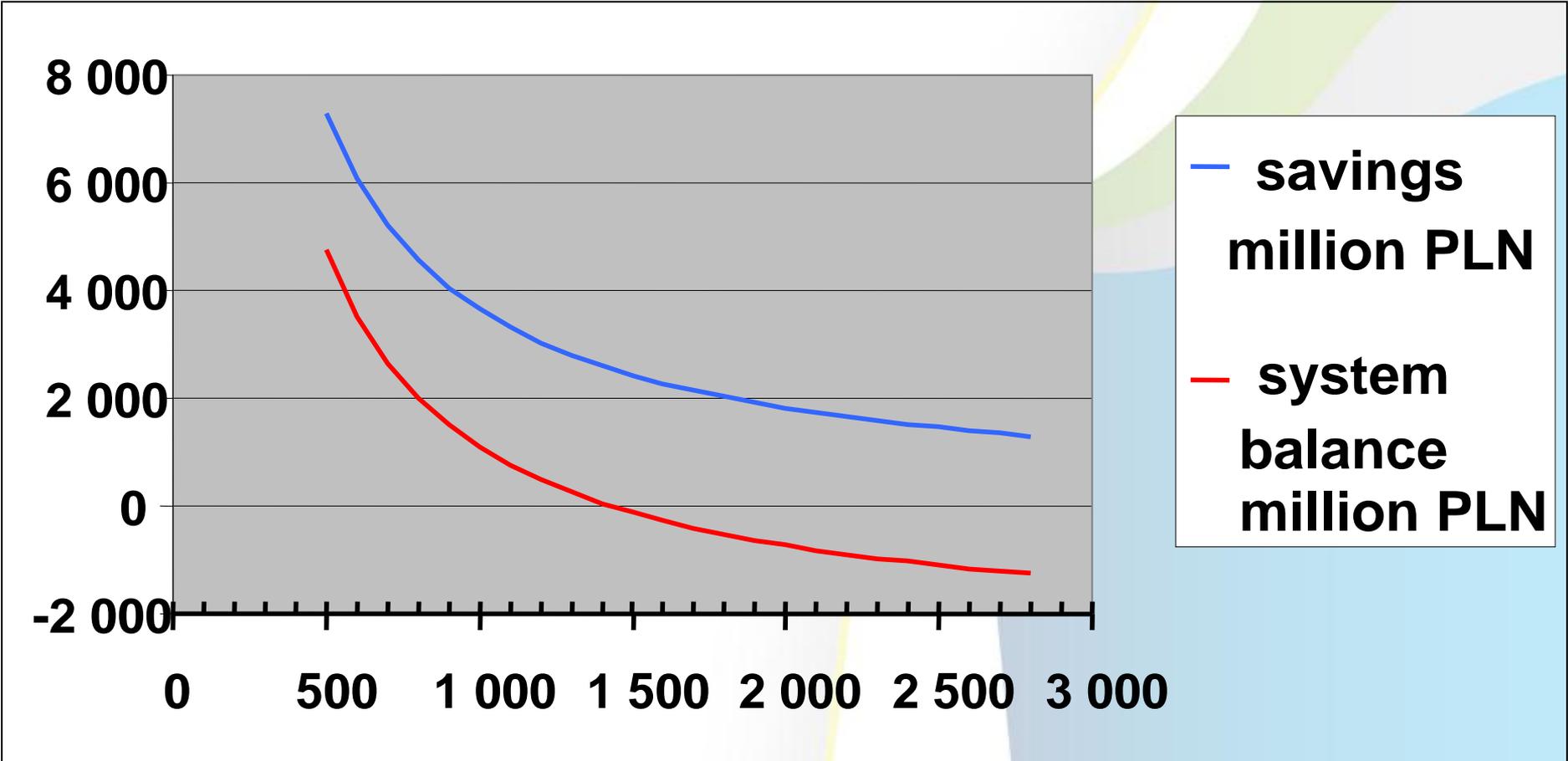
Average energy cost 900 PLN/toe





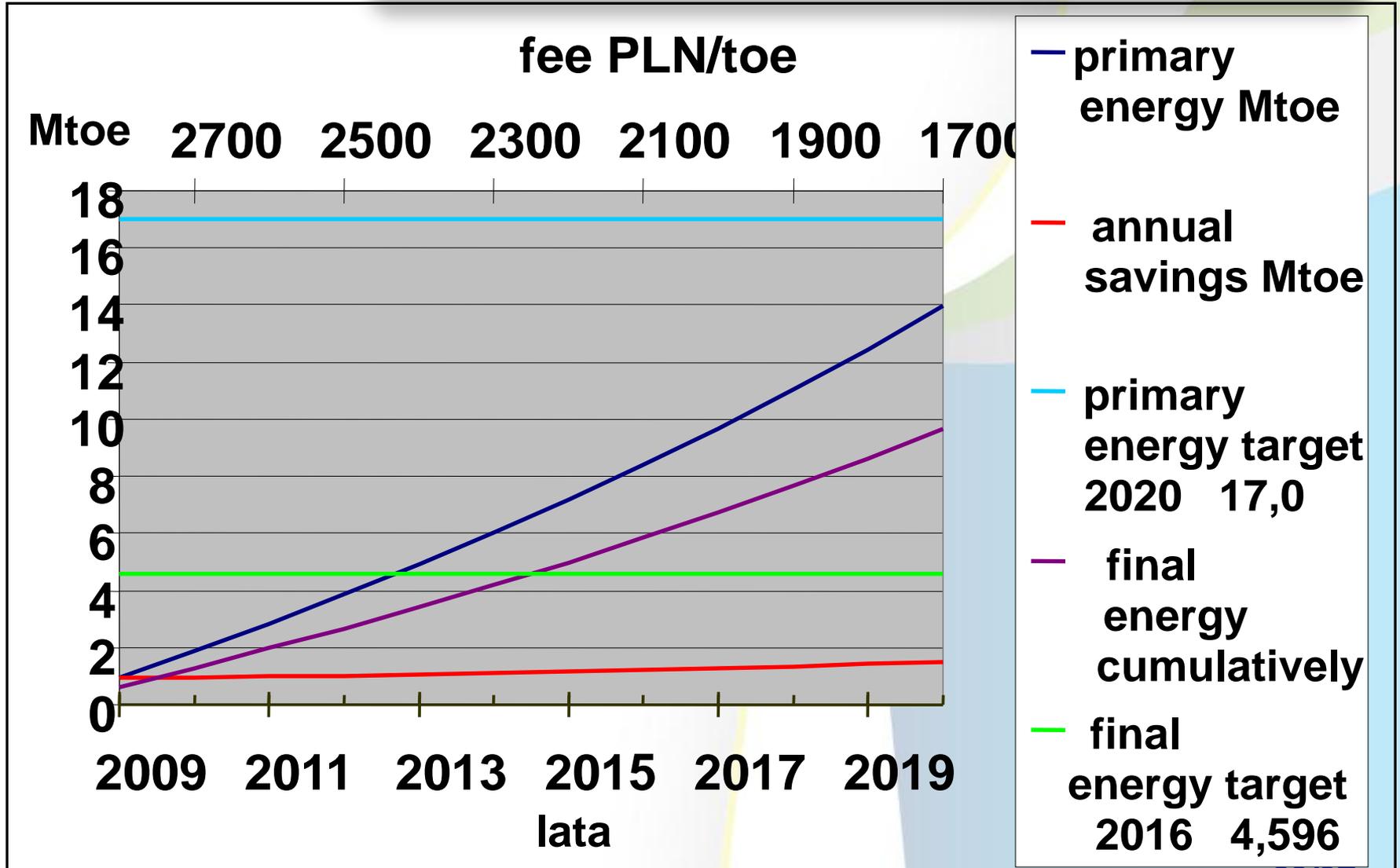
Overall savings value 2/2

Average energy cost 1400 PLN/toe





System results





System results 3/3

**Poland's
perspective**

**IMPROVED ENERGY
EFFICIENCY OF THE
POLISH ECONOMY**

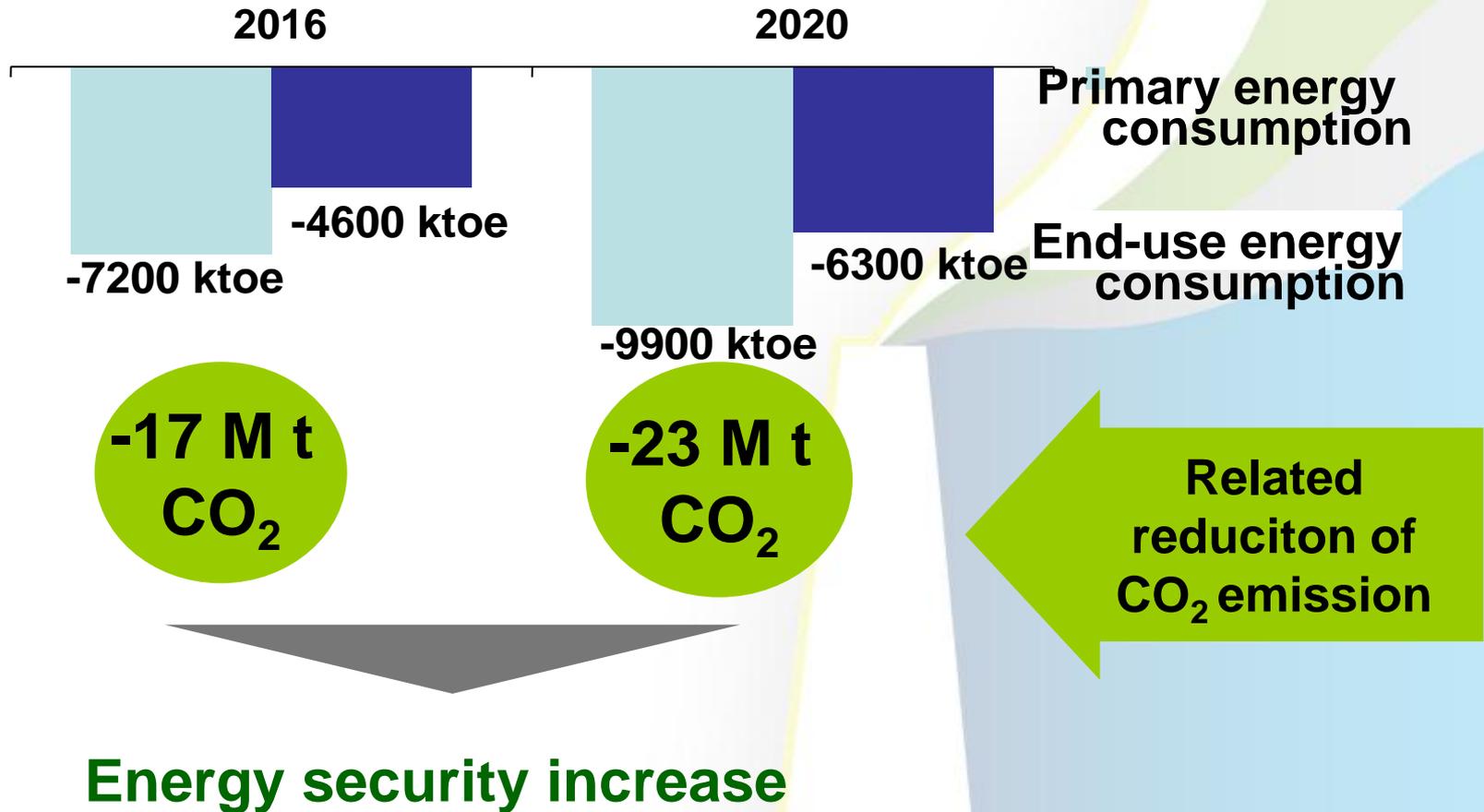
**ACHIEVEMENT OF
SIGNIFICANT
SHORTENING OF SPBT**

**Investor's
perspective**

Synergy !

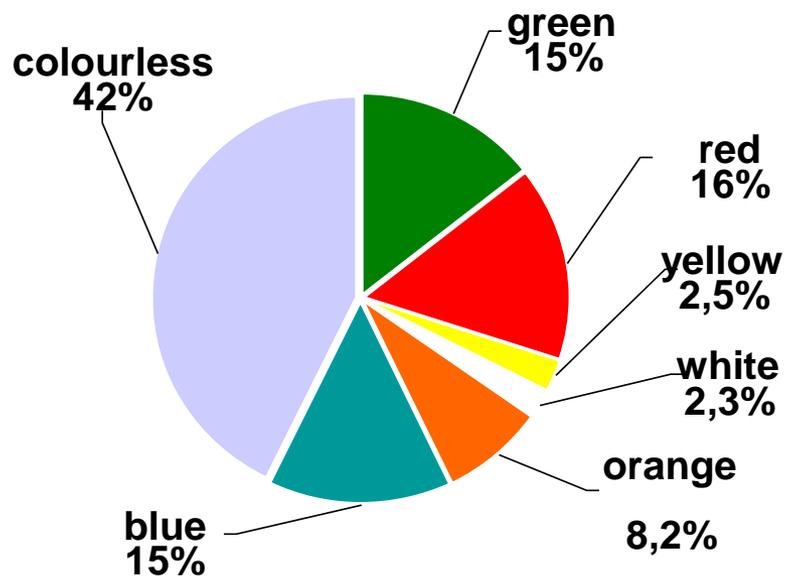


Expected results





Innovativeness



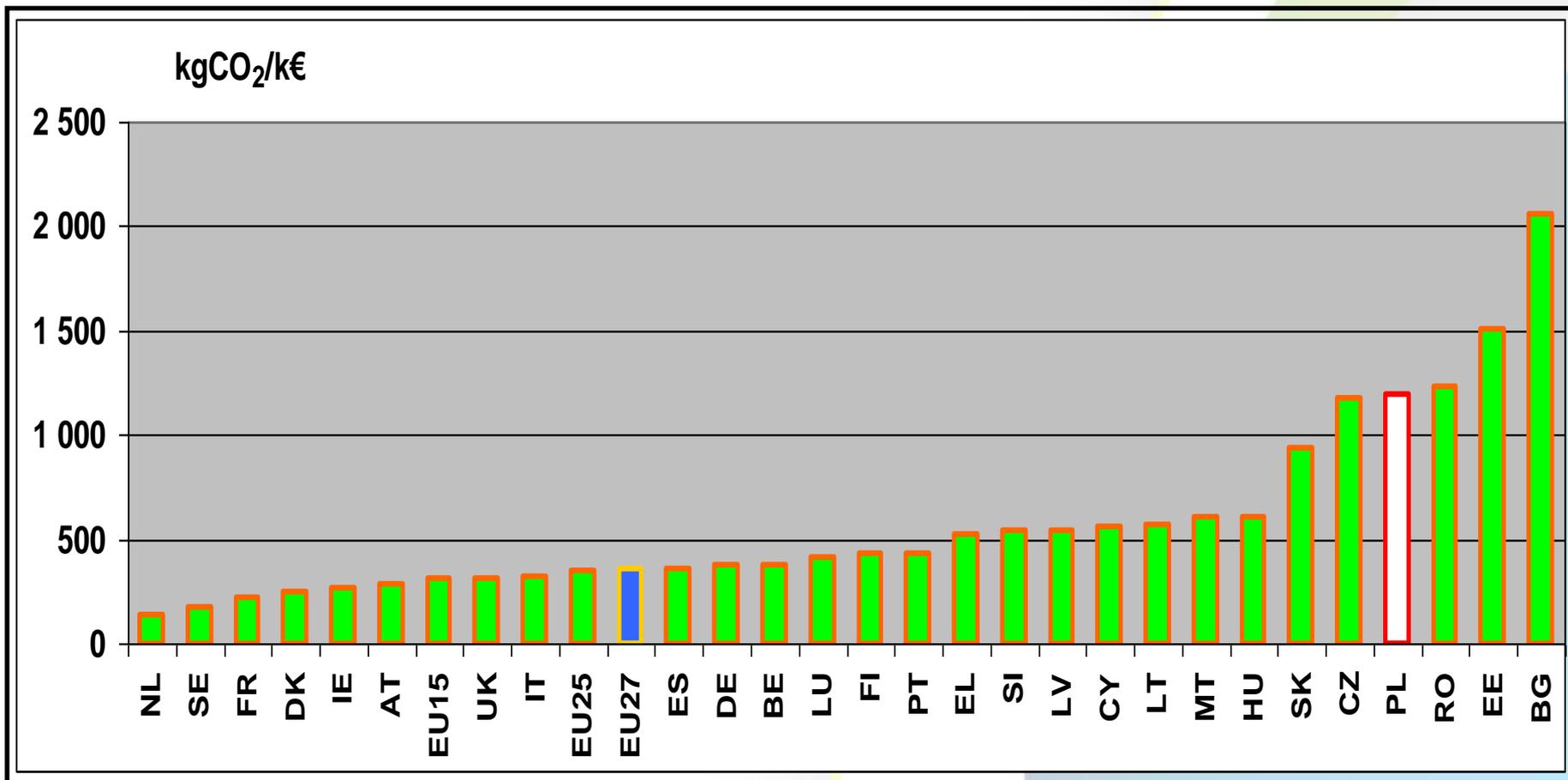
- green - renewable
- red - cogeneration
- yellow - gas & small CHP
- white - efficiency
- orange - zero-emission
- blue - super efficient generation
- colourless - without support

rainbow certification – regulation through market tools

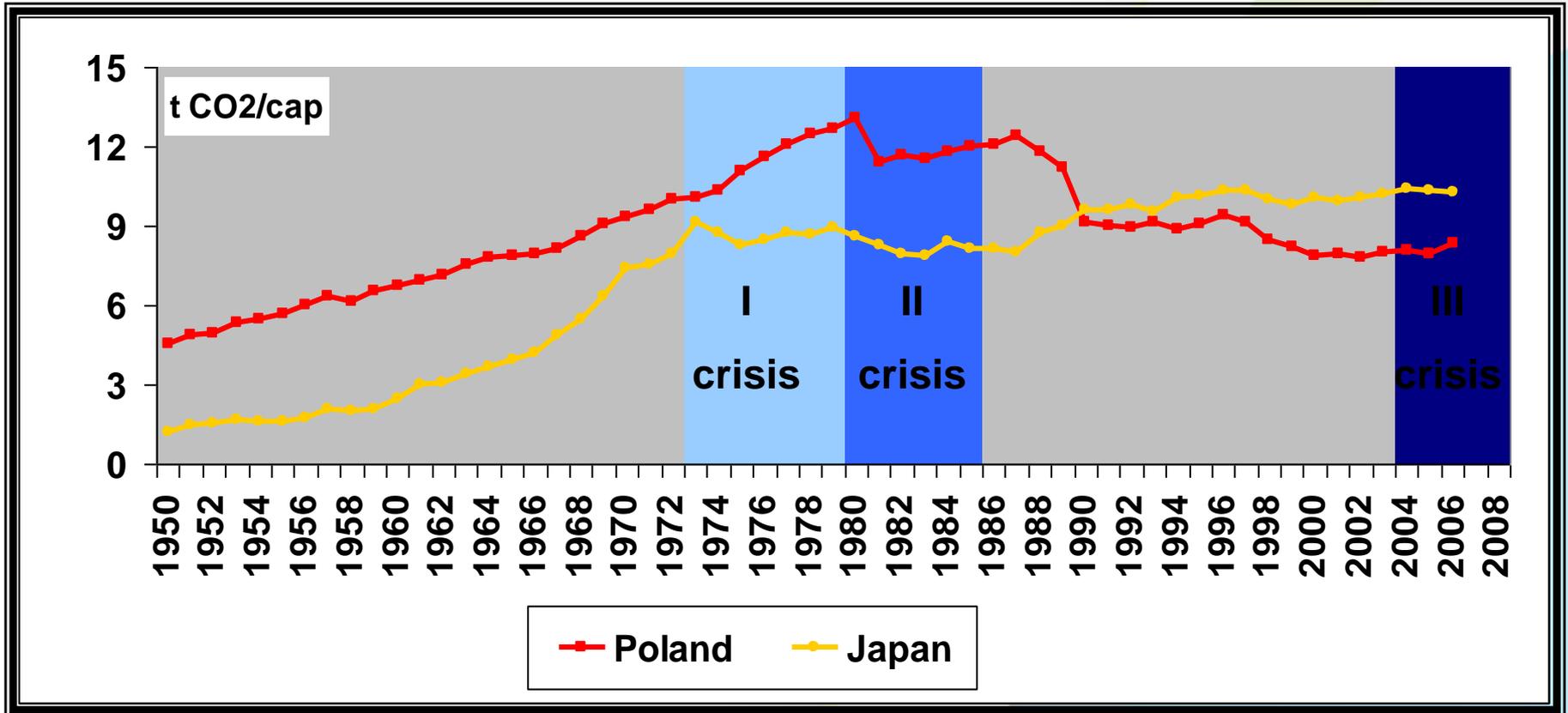
Keep the dreams cost low



CO₂ emissions



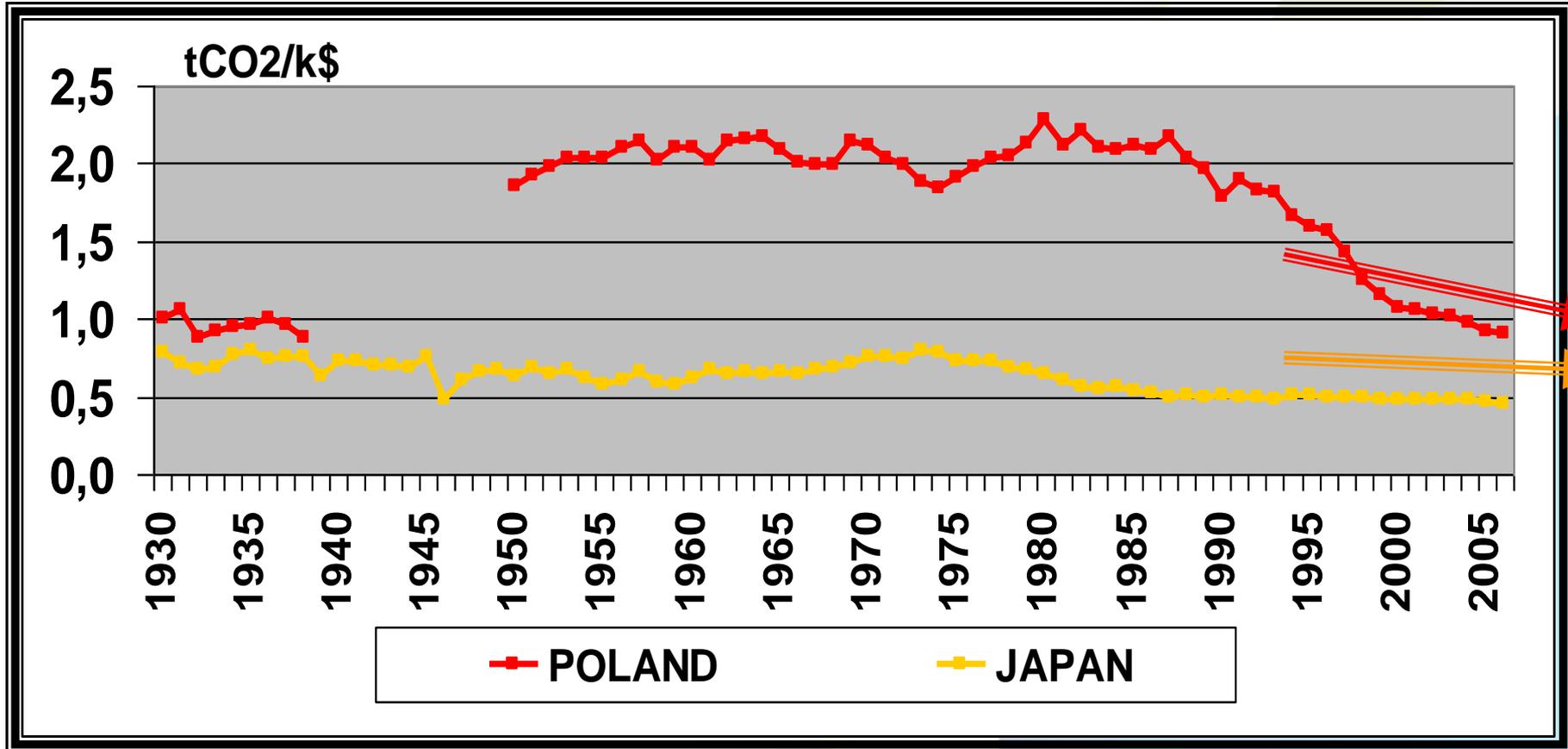
Poland already went green



emission per capita is the most ethic measure



Poland is approaching



emission per GDP shows only the structure of the economy



NPRE by 2020



**National Energy
Efficiency Programme**



**National Programme
of RES & Energy-
oriented Agriculture**



**National Clean Coal
Programme**

New paradigm of energy sector

Availability of emission allowances becomes more important and expensive (39€/MWh) than availability of fuels (20 €/MWh).

Variable cost dominates over fixed cost, and product cost dominates over service cost



Conclusion 1/4

A

&

B

=

We are not the richest

but

We want to develop

**We have to optimise
development costs**



Conclusion 2/4

1

**Everybody should have
a chance to try**

2

but

3

The best ones should win

3

**The „winning” criteria
should be publicly discussed**



Conclusion 3/4

A

**The competitors are
market companies**

&

but

B

**There is nothing wrong
in openly seeking profit**

=

**The process should be
open (transparent)**

Conclusion 4/4

A

&

B

=

We expect 500 mln € per year for the needs of energy efficiency

This 500 mln will generate investments worth

2 – 3 bln €



SPOŁECZNA RADA
NARODOWEGO PROGRAMU
REDUKCJI EMISJI

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- » Z prac Grup Roboczych
- » Wsp. międzynarodowa
- » Analizy / Raporty
- » Publikacje
- » Akty Prawne
- » Centrum Prasowe

prof. Jerzy Buzek o propozycji redukcji emisji CO2

piątek, 05 marca 2010

Zachęcamy do zapoznania się z wypowiedzią prof. Jerzego Buzka Przewodniczącego Rady dotyczącą propozycji ograniczenia emisji CO2 przez kraje Unii Europejskiej do roku 2020.

Więcej informacji w zakładce Centrum Prasowe.

Spotkanie ministra Kraszewskiego z dyrektorem Delbeke

wtorek, 02 marca 2010

Zachęcamy do zapoznania się z informacją dotyczącą spotkania ministra Kraszewskiego z dyrektorem Delbeke, które odbyło się w Brukseli.



Ministerstwo Gospodarki



Thank you



Krzysztof Żmijewski

Secretary General

**the Public Board
of the National Programme
for Reduction of Emissions**